

ST CLEER PARISH COUNCIL

STANDING ORDERS

2020-2021

RENEWAL DATE:- March 2020
Reviewing Body:- Finance and General Purposes Committee 12.2.20
Authorised at: - Parish Council Meeting 27 May 2020

NEXT REVIEW DATE: - March 2021

Key Document: National Association of Local Councils (NALC), MODEL STANDING ORDERS 2018 (ENGLAND) as reviewed by CALC November 2018 – *All matters related to finance are contained in the financial regulations not this document.*

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All Council Meetings shall be held at the Council Sports Pavilion, Hockings House, St Cleer PL12 6EE, unless the Council directs an alternative date, time and venue at the previous meeting (See Appendix 2)

- a) **Full Council** - Meetings of the Council shall be held on the fourth Wednesday of every month (with the exception of December when it shall be held on the third Wednesday) and August when there shall be no meeting. This may vary by summons
- b) **Finance and General Purposes Committee** Meetings of the Finance and General Purposes Committee shall be held on the second Wednesday of February, April, June, September and November. The November meeting shall be designated the Budget (estimate) setting meeting with no other business to be transacted other than any emergency items. Such items shall only be designated emergency as a result of legislation or as a result of time limited response. From time to time Planning Matters may be delegated to this committee.
- c) **Estates Committee** Meetings of the Estates Committee shall be held on the second Wednesday of January, March, May, July and October. From time to time Planning Matters may be delegated to this committee.
- d) **Employment Committee** Meetings of the Employment Committee shall be in July, October and March or varied by summons
- e) Meetings of working groups are convened on an ad hoc basis, the following are currently recognised
 - a. Community engagement
 - b. Emergency planning
 - c. Planning Co-ordination (often the Saturday prior to Parish)

INTRODUCTION

Standing orders are the written rules of a local council. **Standing orders are essential to regulate the proceedings of a meeting.** A council may also use standing orders to confirm or refer to various internal organisational and administrative arrangements. The standing orders of a council are not the same as the policies of a council but standing orders may refer to them¹.

Local councils operate within a wide statutory framework. It is not possible for any standing orders to contain or reference all the statutory or legal requirements which apply to local councils. For example, it is not practical for model standing orders to document all obligations under data protection legislation². The statutory requirements to which a council is subject, apply whether or not they are incorporated in a council's standing orders.

The model standing orders do not include model financial regulations. Financial regulations are standing orders to regulate and control the financial affairs and accounting procedures of a local council. The financial regulations, as opposed to the standing orders of a council, include most of the requirements relevant to the council's Responsible Financial Officer.

For convenience, the word "councillor" is used throughout and, unless the context suggests otherwise, includes a non-councillor with or without voting rights.

1. RULES OF DEBATE AT MEETINGS

- a. Motions³ on the agenda shall be considered in the order that they appear unless the order is changed at the discretion of the chairman of the meeting⁴. It is not mandatory to do so but it is recommended that Motions are written and circulated before the meeting to inform debate. A template is available at Appendix 1.
- b. A motion (including an amendment) shall not be progressed unless it has been moved and seconded.
- c. A motion on the agenda that is not moved by its proposer may be treated by the chairman of the meeting as withdrawn.
- d. If a motion (including an amendment) has been seconded, it may be withdrawn by the proposer only with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- e. An amendment is a proposal to remove or add words to a motion. It shall not negate the motion.

¹ Local Government Act 1972, Sch 12, para 42

² General Data Protection Regulations 2018

³ Refer to Appendix 1

⁴ Local Government Act 1972, Sch 12, Para 102b

- f. If an amendment to the original motion is carried, the original motion (as amended) becomes the substantive motion upon which further amendment(s) may be moved.
- g. An amendment shall not be considered unless early verbal notice of it is given at the meeting and, if requested by the chairman of the meeting, is expressed in writing to the chairman.
- h. A councillor may move an amendment to their own motion if agreed by the meeting. If a motion has already been seconded, the amendment shall be with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- i. If there is more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion, the amendments shall be moved in the order directed by the chairman of the meeting.
- j. Subject to standing order 1(k), only one amendment shall be moved and debated at a time, the order of which shall be directed by the chairman of the meeting.
- k. One or more amendments may be discussed together if the chairman of the meeting considers this expedient but each amendment shall be voted upon separately.
- l. A councillor may not move more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion.
- m. The mover of an amendment has no right of reply at the end of debate on it.
- n. Where a series of amendments to an original motion are carried, the mover of the original motion shall have a right of reply either at the end of debate on the first amendment or at the very end of debate on the final substantive motion immediately before it is put to the vote.
- o. Unless permitted by the chairman of the meeting, a councillor may speak once in the debate on a motion except:
 - i. to speak on an amendment moved by another councillor;
 - ii. to move or speak on another amendment if the motion has been amended since s/he last spoke;
 - iii. to make a point of order;
 - iv. to give a personal explanation; or
 - v. to exercise a right of reply.
- p. During the debate on a motion, a councillor may interrupt only on a point of order or a personal explanation and the councillor who was interrupted shall stop speaking. A councillor raising a point of order shall identify the standing order which s/he considers has been breached or specify the other irregularity in the proceedings of the meeting s/he is concerned by.
- q. A point of order shall be decided by the chairman of the meeting and their decision shall be final.
- r. When a motion is under debate, no other motion shall be moved except:
 - i. to amend the motion;
 - ii. to proceed to the next business;
 - iii. to adjourn the debate;
 - iv. to put the motion to a vote;
 - v. to ask a person to be no longer heard or to leave the meeting;
 - vi. to refer a motion to a committee or sub-committee for consideration;
 - vii. to exclude the public and press;
 - viii. to adjourn the meeting; or
 - ix. to suspend particular standing order(s) excepting those which reflect mandatory statutory or legal requirements.
- s. Before an original or substantive motion is put to the vote, the chairman of the meeting shall be satisfied that the motion has been sufficiently debated and that the mover of the motion under debate has exercised or waived their right of reply.
- t. Excluding motions moved under standing order 1(r), the contributions or speeches by a councillor shall relate only to the motion under discussion and shall not exceed (3) minutes without the consent of the chairman of the meeting.

2. DISORDERLY CONDUCT AT MEETINGS⁵.

- a. No person shall obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly. If this standing order is ignored, the chairman of the meeting shall request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct
- b. If person(s) disregard the request of the chairman of the meeting to moderate or improve their conduct, any councillor or the chairman of the meeting may move that the person be no longer heard or be excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.
- c. If a resolution made under standing order 2(b) is ignored, the chairman of the meeting may take further

⁵ Localism Act 2011 s27

reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.

3. MEETINGS GENERALLY

- Full Council meetings ● Committee meetings ● Sub-committee meetings ●
- a. Meetings shall not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost.
 - b. The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning.
 - c. The minimum three clear days' public notice for a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting unless the meeting is convened at shorter notice
 - d. Meetings shall be open to the public unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion.
 - e. Members of the public may make representations, answer questions and give evidence at a meeting which they are entitled to attend in respect of the business on the agenda.
 - f. The period of time designated for public participation at a meeting in accordance with standing order 3(e) shall not exceed (15) minutes unless directed by the chairman of the meeting.
 - g. **At the Chairman's discretion and direction, with the agreement of the Council a member of the public may be invited to answer questions on matters of fact relating to the item under consideration by the Council at that point on the agenda where that matter is being discussed**
 - h. **Subject to standing order 3(f), a member of the public shall not speak for more than (3) minutes.**
 - i. **In accordance with standing order 3(e), a question shall not require a response at the meeting nor start a debate on the question. The chairman of the meeting may direct that a written or oral response be given. A person to whom a question has been put may decline to answer.**
 - j. A person shall raise their hand when requesting to speak and stand when speaking (except when a person has a disability or is likely to suffer discomfort). The chairman of the meeting may at any time permit a person to be seated when speaking.
 - k. **A person who speaks at a meeting shall direct their comments to the chairman of the meeting.**
 - l. Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the chairman of the meeting shall direct the order of speaking.
 - m. **The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present.**
 - n. **Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chairman of the Council may in their absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chairman of the Council (if there is one).**
 - o. **The Chairman of the Council, if present, shall preside at a meeting. If the Chairman is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chairman of the Council (if there is one) if present, shall preside. If both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.**
 - The chairman of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise their casting vote whether or not s/he gave an original vote. See standing orders 6(h) and (i) for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chairman of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council.
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- p. **Unless standing orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave their vote for or against that question.** Such a request shall be made before moving to the vote and will be taken in alphabetical order of those present at the meeting and eligible to vote.
- q. The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:
 - i. the time and place of the meeting;
 - ii. the names of councillors who are present and the names of councillors who are absent;
 - iii. interests that have been declared by councillors and non-councillors with voting rights;
 - iv. the grant of dispensations (if any) to councillors and non-councillors with voting rights;
 - v. whether a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered;
 - vi. if there was a public participation session; and
 - vii. the resolutions made.
- r. **A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the Council's code of conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code on their right to participate and vote on that matter.**
- s. **No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the Council are present and in no case shall the quorum of a meeting be less than three.**
- t. **If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business shall be transacted** and the meeting shall be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.
- u. A meeting shall not exceed a period of (2) hours.

4. FILMING AND RECORDING MEETINGS⁶

- a) When a meeting of the Council, its committees or sub committees is open to the public, any person, if present, may :
 - i) film, photograph or make an audio recording of a meeting;
 - ii) use any other means for enabling persons not present to see or hear proceedings at a meeting as it takes place or later;
 - iii) report or comment on the proceedings in writing during or after a meeting or orally report or comment after the meeting.
- b) Oral reporting, commentary or broadcasting is not permitted during any part of a meeting of the council, its committees and sub committees.
- c) An individual must be present and able to use their equipment in order to film, photograph or audio record a meeting. There will be no opportunity to report on any part of the meeting where the council has resolved to exclude the press and public.
- d) Disruptive behaviour
 - i) No filming, photographing or audio recording of a meeting should be carried out in such a way as to disrupt the proceedings of the meeting.
 - ii) If person(s) disregard the request of the chairman of the meeting to moderate or improve their behaviour, any councillor or the chairman of the meeting may move that the person be instructed to cease filming, photographing or audio recording. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.
 - iii) If a resolution under standing order 4 d ii) above is ignored, the chairman of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.
- e) Members of the Council recording meetings are reminded of their obligations under the Council's Code of Conduct in respect of confidential matters.

⁶ Openness of Local Government Regulations 2014, SI 2014/2095

5. COMMITTEES AND SUB-COMMITTEES

St Cleer recognises the following working groups:

- Planning
- Community Engagement
- Emergency Planning

- a. **Unless the Council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a sub-committee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.**
- b. **The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the Council. There will be no more than 6 Councillors appointed to working groups / committees / task and finish groups, one of whom must be the Chair or Vice Chair of the Parish Council**
- c. **Unless the Council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-councillors.**
- d. The Council may appoint standing committees or other committees as may be necessary, and:
 - i) shall determine their terms of reference including the scheme of delegation;
 - ii) shall determine the number and time of the ordinary meetings of a standing committee up until the date of the next annual meeting of the Council;
 - iii) shall permit a committee, other than in respect of the ordinary meetings of a committee, to determine the number and time of its meetings;
 - iv) shall, subject to standing orders 5(b) and (c), appoint and determine the terms of office of members of such a committee;
 - v) may, subject to standing orders 5(b) and (c), appoint and determine the terms of office of the substitute members to a committee whose role is to replace the ordinary members at a meeting of a committee if the ordinary members of the committee confirm to the Proper Officer (1) days before the meeting that they are unable to attend;
 - vi) shall, after it has appointed the members of a standing committee, appoint the chairman of the standing committee;
 - vii) shall permit a committee other than a standing committee, to appoint its own chairman at the first meeting of the committee;
 - viii) shall determine the place, notice requirements and quorum for a meeting of a committee and a sub-committee which, in both cases, shall be no less than three;
 - ix) shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a committee;
 - x) shall determine if the public and press are permitted to attend the meetings of a sub-committee and also the advance public notice requirements, if any, required for the meetings of a sub-committee;
 - xi) shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a sub-committee that they are permitted to attend; and
 - xii) may dissolve a committee or a sub-committee.

6. ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETINGS

- a. **In an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the councillors elected take office.**
- b. **In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on such day in May as the Council decides.**
- c. **If no other time is fixed, the annual meeting of the Council shall take place at 7pm.**
- d. **In addition to the annual meeting of the Council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held in each year on such dates and times as the Council decides.**
- e. **The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the Council shall be the election of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman (if there is one) of the Council.**
- f. **The Chairman of the Council, unless s/he has resigned or becomes disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until their successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
- g. **The Vice-Chairman of the Council, if there is one, unless s/he resigns or becomes disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chairman of the Council at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
- h. **In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the Council, s/he shall preside at the annual meeting until a successor Chairman of the Council has been elected.**

The current Chairman of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council but shall give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.

- i. **In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the Council, s/he shall preside at the annual meeting until a new Chairman of the Council has been elected. S/He may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council and shall give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.**
- j. Following the election of the Chairman of the Council and Vice-Chairman (if there is one) of the Council at the annual meeting, the business shall include:
 - i) **In an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council of their acceptance of office form unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date;**
 - ii) Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the Council⁷;
 - iii) Receipt of the minutes of the last meeting of a committee;
 - iv) Consideration of the recommendations made by a committee;
 - v) Review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, staff and other local authorities;
 - vi) Review of the terms of reference for committees;
 - vii) Appointment of members to existing committees;
 - viii) Appointment of any new committees in accordance with standing order 5;
 - ix) Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations;
 - x) Review of arrangements (including legal agreements) with other local authorities, not-for-profit bodies and businesses.
 - xi) Review of representation on or work with external bodies and arrangements for reporting back;
 - xii) In an election year, to make arrangements with a view to the Council becoming eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future;
 - xiii) Review of inventory of land and other assets including buildings and office equipment;
 - xiv) Confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insurable risks;
 - xv) Review of the Council's and/or staff subscriptions to other bodies;
 - xvi) Review of the Council's complaints procedure;
 - xvii) Review of the Council's policies, procedures and practices in respect of its obligations under freedom of information and data protection legislation (*see also standing orders 12, 21 and 22*);
 - xviii) Review of the Council's policy for dealing with the press/media;
 - xix) Review of the Council's employment policies and procedures;
 - xx) Review of the Council's expenditure incurred under s.137 of the Local Government Act 1972 or the general power of competence.
 - xxi) Determining the time and place of ordinary meetings of the Council up to and including the next annual meeting of the Council.

7. EXTRAORDINARY MEETINGS OF THE COUNCIL, COMMITTEES AND SUB-COMMITTEES

- a. **The Chairman of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council at any time.**
- b. **If the Chairman of the Council does not call an extraordinary meeting of the Council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any four councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting shall be signed by the four councillors.**
- c. The chairman of a committee [or a sub-committee] may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee [or the sub-committee] at any time.
- d. If the chairman of a committee [or a sub-committee] does not call an extraordinary meeting within (7) days of having been requested to do so by (4) members of the committee [or the sub-committee], any (4) members of the committee [or the sub-committee] may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee [or a sub-committee].

8. PREVIOUS RESOLUTIONS

- a. **A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except either by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least (4) councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9**

⁷ Local Government Act 1972, s12 para 41 (1&2)

- b. When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 8(a) has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved for a further six months.

9. VOTING ON APPOINTMENTS

- a. Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by the Council and none of those persons has received an absolute majority of votes in their favour, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be struck off the list and a fresh vote taken. This process shall continue until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person. A tie in votes may be settled by the casting vote exercisable by the chairman of the meeting.
- b. Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by the Council, the vote will be taken by a written ballot of those members present and eligible to vote. The outcome of the vote will be reported by the Clerk

10. MOTIONS FOR A MEETING THAT REQUIRE WRITTEN NOTICE TO BE GIVEN TO THE PROPER OFFICER

- a. A motion shall relate to the responsibilities of the meeting for which it is tabled and in any event shall relate to the performance of the Council's statutory functions, powers and obligations or an issue which specifically affects the Council's area or its residents.
- b. No motion may be moved at a meeting unless it is on the agenda and the mover has given written notice of its wording to the Proper Officer at least (7) clear days before the meeting. Clear days do not include the day of the notice or the day of the meeting. Councillors are requested to use the Motions Template (Appendix 1)
- c. The Proper Officer may, before including a motion on the agenda received in accordance with standing order 10(b), correct obvious grammatical or typographical errors in the wording of the motion.
- d. If the Proper Officer considers the wording of a motion received in accordance with standing order 10(b) is not clear in meaning, the motion shall be rejected until the mover of the motion resubmits it, so that it can be understood, in writing, to the Proper Officer at least (7) clear days before the meeting.
- e. If the wording or subject of a proposed motion is considered improper, the Proper Officer shall consult with the chairman of the forthcoming meeting or, as the case may be, the councillors who have convened the meeting, to consider whether the motion shall be included in the agenda or rejected.
- f. The decision of the Proper Officer as to whether or not to include the motion on the agenda shall be final.
- g. Motions received shall be recorded and numbered in the order that they are received.
- h. Motions rejected shall be recorded with an explanation by the Proper Officer of the reason for rejection.
- i. A written notice of motion shall not relate to any matter which may be considered under the Council's Code of Conduct, Complaints Procedure or employment policies.

11. MOTIONS AT A MEETING THAT DO NOT REQUIRE WRITTEN NOTICE

- a. The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer:
- i) to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting;
 - ii) to move to a vote;
 - iii) to defer consideration of a motion;
 - iv) to refer a motion to a particular committee or sub-committee;
 - v) to appoint a person to preside at a meeting;
 - vi) to change the order of business on the agenda;
 - vii) to proceed to the next business on the agenda;
 - viii) to require a written report;
 - ix) to appoint a committee or sub-committee and their members;
 - x) to extend the time limits for speaking;
 - xi) to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or other information which is prejudicial to the public interest;
 - xii) to not hear further from a councillor or a member of the public;
 - xiii) to exclude a councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct;
 - xiv) to temporarily suspend the meeting;
 - xv) to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory or legal requirements);
 - xvi) to adjourn the meeting; or
 - xvii) to close the meeting.

12. MANAGEMENT OF INFORMATION

See also standing order 21/22.

- a. The Council shall have in place and keep under review, technical and organisational measures to keep secure information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. Such arrangements shall include deciding who has access to personal data and encryption of personal data.
- b. The Council shall have in place, and keep under review, policies for the retention and safe destruction of all information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. The Council's retention policy shall confirm the period for which information (including personal data) shall be retained or if this is not possible the criteria used to determine that period (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980).
- c. The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting shall not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential information or personal data without legal justification.
- d. Councillors, staff, the Council's contractors and agents shall not disclose confidential information or personal data without legal justification.

13. DRAFT MINUTES

Full Council meetings ● Committee meetings ● Sub-committee meetings ●

- a. If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on councillors with the agenda to attend the meeting at which they are due to be approved for accuracy, they shall be taken as read.
- b. **There shall be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes shall be moved in accordance with standing order 11(a)(i).**
- c. The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, shall be confirmed by resolution and shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate.
- d. If the chairman of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, s/he shall sign the minutes and include a paragraph in the following terms or to the same effect:
"The chairman of this meeting does not believe that the minutes of the meeting of the () held on [date] in respect of () were a correct record but their view was not upheld by the meeting and the minutes are confirmed as an accurate record of the proceedings."
- e. **If the Council's gross annual income or expenditure (whichever is higher) does not exceed £25,000, it shall publish draft minutes on a website which is publicly accessible and free of charge not later than one month after the meeting has taken place.**
- f. Subject to the publication of draft minutes in accordance with standing order 13(e) and standing order 21(a) and following a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes or recordings of the meeting for which approved minutes exist shall be destroyed.

14. CODE OF CONDUCT AND DISPENSATIONS

See also standing order 3(r).

The Cornwall Code of Conduct has been adopted by all local councils in the Duchy.

General

- a. The Council has adopted the Cornwall Code of Conduct for City, Community, Parish and Town Councils which will apply to all councillors and members of the public co-opted to serve on Committees and sub Committees of the Council in respect of the entire meeting. All interests⁸ arising from the Code of Conduct adopted by the Council will be recorded in the minutes giving the existence and nature of the interest.

⁸ Local Government Act 1972, s29-34

- b Members must have particular regard to their obligation to record and leave the room for matters in which they have an interest as defined by the Code of Conduct or by relevant legislation.
- c The Council shall maintain for public inspection, a Register of Members' interests that is compliant with the Code of Conduct and with relevant legislation.

Members and the Code of Conduct

- d All councillors and members of the public co-opted to serve on Council committees and sub committees shall observe the Code of Conduct adopted by the Council.
- e All councillors and members of the public co-opted to serve on Council committees and sub committees shall maintain a Register of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests, and must update their register by notifying the Monitoring Officer and the Clerk of any changes within 28 days.
- f All councillors shall undertake training in the code of conduct within 6 months of the delivery of their declaration of acceptance of office.
- g Unless granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights who has registered a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest in relation to any item of business being transacted at a meeting, shall leave the room whenever the item is being discussed, including any part of the meeting where the public are entitled to speak.
- h Unless granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights who has registered a non-registerable interest in relation to any item of business being transacted at a meeting, shall leave the room whenever the item is being discussed, including any part of the meeting where the public are entitled to speak.
- i Where a non-registerable interest arises from membership of an outside body as defined in 3.5a of the Council's code of conduct, a councillor may remain in the room to address the meeting, provide a short statement and answer questions for no more than three (3) minutes before leaving the room at the request of the Chairman.
- j You must record in a register of interests maintained by the Proper Officer any gifts or hospitality that you are offered or receive in connection with your official duties as a member and the source of the gift or hospitality worth £25 or over
- k A Member of the Council may, for the purposes of his duty as a member but not otherwise, inspect any document which has been considered by a Committee or by the Council. The Proper Officer or Solicitor to the Council may decline to allow inspection of any document which is protected by other legislation or in the event of legal proceedings would be protected by privilege arising from the relationship of solicitor and client. All Minutes kept for any Committee shall be open for the inspection of any member of the Council during office hours.

Dispensations

- l Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer as soon as possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- m A decision as to whether to grant a dispensation shall be made by a meeting of the council, or committee or sub-committee for which the dispensation is required and that decision is final.
- N A dispensation request shall confirm:
 - i) the description and the nature of the disclosable pecuniary interest or other interest to which the request for the dispensation relates;
 - ii) whether the dispensation is required to participate at a meeting in a discussion only or a discussion and a vote;
 - iii) the date of the meeting or the period (not exceeding four years) for which the dispensation is sought;

and

 - iv) an explanation as to why the dispensation is sought.
- o This policy shall apply to all meetings of the Council, its committees and sub-committees.
- p No dispensation will be awarded for any meeting where there are no minutes of the proceedings.
- q A dispensation may be granted in accordance with standing order 14(o) above if having regard to all relevant circumstances the following applies:
 - i) without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business **or**
 - ii) granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the council's area or
 - iii) it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.

15. CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS⁹

- a Notification of any complaint shall remain confidential to the Proper Officer of the Council until such time as the matter has been concluded, **when the outcome of the complaint shall be reported to a meeting of full council.**
- b Where the notification relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer, the Proper Officer shall notify the Chairman or Vice Chairman of that fact, who, upon receipt of such notification, shall nominate a person to assume the duties of the Proper Officer set out in this standing order, and who shall continue to act in respect of that matter as such until the complaint is resolved.
- c Where a notification relates to a complaint made by an employee (not being the Proper Officer) the Proper Officer shall ensure that the employee in question does not deal with any aspect of the complaint
- d The council may:
 - i) provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to progress an investigation of the complaint or is required by law;
 - ii) seek information relevant to the complaint from the person or body with statutory responsibility for investigation of the matter;
- e References to a notification shall be taken to refer to a communication of any kind which relates to a breach or an alleged breach of the code of conduct by a councillor.
- f **Upon notification by the Cornwall Council that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the council's code of conduct, the council shall consider any recommendations and what, if any, action to take against him.** Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office and shall be limited to those sanctions recommended by the Monitoring Officer as part of the Decision Notice.

16. PROPER OFFICER ¹⁰

- a. The Proper Officer shall be either (i) the clerk or (ii) other staff member(s) nominated by the Council to undertake the work of the Proper Officer when the Proper Officer is absent.
- b. The Proper Officer shall:
 - i. **at least three clear days before a meeting of the council, a committee or a sub-committee,**
 - **serve on councillors by delivery or post at their residences or by email authenticated in such manner as the Proper Officer thinks fit, a signed summons confirming the time, place and the agenda (provided the councillor has consented to service by email), and**
 - **Provide, in a conspicuous place, public notice of the time, place and agenda (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the Council convened by councillors is signed by them).**
 - ii. subject to standing order 10, include on the agenda all motions in the order received unless a councillor has given written notice at least (7) days before the meeting confirming their withdrawal of it;
 - iii. **convene a meeting of the Council for the election of a new Chairman of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in their office;**
 - iv. **facilitate inspection of the minute book by local government electors;**
 - v. **receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities;**
 - vi. hold acceptance of office forms from councillors;
 - vii. hold a copy of every councillor's register of interests;
 - viii. assist with responding to requests made under freedom of information legislation and rights exercisable under data protection legislation, in accordance with the Council's relevant policies and procedures;
 - ix. liaise, as appropriate, with the Council's Data Protection Officer;
 - x. receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the Council except where there is a resolution to the contrary;
 - xi. assist in the organisation of, storage of, access to, security of and destruction of information held by the Council in paper and electronic form subject to the requirements of data protection and freedom of information legislation and other legitimate requirements (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980);

⁹ Localism Act 2011 s27

¹⁰ Authority to appoint is contained in Local Government Act 1972, s112 (1,2,3), s151

- xii. arrange for legal deeds to be executed;
- xiii. arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval, and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the Council in accordance with its financial regulations;
- xiv. record every planning application notified to the Council and the Council's response to the local planning authority in a book for such purpose;
- xv. refer a planning application received by the Council to the Planning Group of the Council within two working days of receipt; or to the Chairman / Vice Chairman to facilitate an extraordinary meeting if the nature of a planning application requires consideration before the next ordinary meeting of the Council or of the Planning Group;
- xvi. manage access to information about the Council via the publication scheme; and
- xvii. retain custody of the seal of the Council (if there is one) which shall not be used without a resolution to that effect.

(see also standing order 20).

17. RESPONSIBLE FINANCIAL OFFICER

- a. When the Responsible Financial Officer is absent, the Council will appoint a member to an unpaid post to undertake the work of the Responsible Financial Officer if required.

18. ACCOUNTS AND ACCOUNTING STATEMENTS

- a. "Proper practices" in standing orders refer to the most recent version of "Governance and Accountability for Local Councils – a Practitioners' Guide".
- b. All payments by the Council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council's financial regulations.
- c. The Responsible Financial Officer shall supply to each councillor as soon as practicable after 30 June, 30 September and 31 December in each year a statement to summarise:
 - i. the Council's receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for each quarter;
 - ii. the Council's aggregate receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for the year to date;
 - iii. the balances held at the end of the quarter being reported and which includes a comparison with the budget for the financial year and highlights any actual or potential overspends.
- d. As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer shall provide:
 - i. each councillor with a statement summarising the Council's receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for the last quarter and the year to date for information; and
 - ii. to the Council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 1 of the annual governance and accountability return, as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval.
- e. The year-end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and apply the form of accounts determined by the Council (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for the year to 31 March. A completed draft annual governance and accountability return shall be presented to all councillors at least 14 days prior to anticipated approval by the Council. The annual governance and accountability return of the Council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to the Council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June.

19. FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND PROCUREMENT

The Council has established Financial Regulations for the governance and management of its finances and to meet the requirements of the audit and accountability regime in place at the time. These are attached as Part II of these Standing Orders.

- a. All payments by the council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the council's financial regulations.
- b. The Council's proper practices will be in accordance with the most recent JPAG guidance.

20. HANDLING STAFF MATTERS¹¹

- a. A matter personal to a member of staff that is being considered by a meeting of Council or the Human Resources committee is subject to standing order 12.
- b. Subject to the Council's policies regarding the handling of performance, capability and disciplinary matters, the Council's most senior staff member (or other member of staff) shall contact the Chairman of [HR] Committee or in their absence the Vice Chairman of the [HR] Committee in respect of an informal or formal matter and this shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the [HR] Committee in accordance with its terms of reference.
- c. The chairman of the Human Resources committee or the Vice Chair in their absence, shall upon a resolution conduct a review of the performance and annual appraisal of the work of Parish Clerk. The reviews and appraisal shall be reported in writing and are subject to approval by resolution by the Human Resources Committee
- d. Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, the Council's most senior member of staff (or other members of staff) shall contact the chairman of the Human Resources committee or the vice chair in their absence in respect of an informal or formal grievance matter, and this matter shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the Human Resources committee
- e. Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, if an informal or formal grievance matter raised by The Parish Clerk relates to the chairman or vice-chairman of the Parish or the Human Resources sub-committee, this shall be communicated to another member of the Human Resources committee which shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the Human Resources committee or, in extremis, the Parish Council.
- f. In accordance with standing order 12(a) the council will identify two persons with line management responsibilities who may have access to staff records referred to in standing order 20(f).
- g. In accordance with standing order 12(a), persons with line management responsibilities shall have access to staff records referred to in standing order 22(f).

21. RESPONSIBILITIES TO PROVIDE INFORMATION

See also standing order 12/22.

- a. **In accordance with freedom of information legislation, the Council shall publish information in accordance with its publication scheme and respond to requests for information held by the Council.**
- b. **The Council, shall publish information in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Transparency Requirements) (England) Regulations 2015.**

¹¹ The Parish is subject to all laws related to the employment of staff; namely

- The Minimum Wage Act 1998
- The Employment Relations Act 1999
- the Employment Act 2002, 2004 and 2008
- the Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015
- The Equality Act 2010 and
- The Work and Families Act 2006
- Working Time Regulations 1998
- Pensions Act 1995, 2004
- Immigration (Restrictions on Employment) Order 2007
- Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992
- Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006
- Human Rights Act 1998

22. RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER DATA PROTECTION LEGISLATION

(Below is not an exclusive list).

See also standing order 12.

- a. The Council shall appoint a Data Protection Officer.
- b. The Council shall have policies and procedures in place to respond to an individual exercising statutory rights concerning their personal data.
- c. The Council shall have a written policy in place for responding to and managing a personal data breach.
- d. The Council shall keep a record of all personal data breaches comprising the facts relating to the personal data breach, its effects and the remedial action taken.
- e. The Council shall ensure that information communicated in its privacy notice(s) is in an easily accessible and available form and kept up to date.
- f. The Council shall maintain a written record of its processing activities.

23. RELATIONS WITH THE PRESS/MEDIA

- a. Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its councillors or staff shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policy in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media.

24. EXECUTION AND SEALING OF LEGAL DEEDS

See also standing orders 16(b)(xii) and (xvii).

- a. A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the Council unless authorised by a resolution.
- b. Subject to standing order 23(a), any two councillors may sign, on behalf of the Council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures.

25. COMMUNICATING WITH DISTRICT AND COUNTY OR UNITARY COUNCILLORS

- a. An invitation to attend a meeting of the Council shall be sent, together with the agenda, to the ward councillor(s) of the Unitary Council representing the area of the Council.
- b. Unless the Council determines otherwise, a copy of relevant correspondence sent to the unitary authority shall be sent to the divisional councillor(s) representing the area of the Council
- c. At the Chairman's discretion and with the approval of the council, a divisional member may be invited to speak during any item on the agenda to make a short statement and answer any questions

26. RESTRICTIONS ON COUNCILLOR ACTIVITIES

- a. **Unless duly authorised no councillor shall:**
 - i) **inspect any land and/or premises which the Council has a right or duty to inspect; or**
 - ii) **issue orders, instructions or directions.**
 - iii) incur any expenditure on behalf of the council or issue an instruction to incur expenditure.

27. STANDING ORDERS GENERALLY

- a. All or part of a standing order, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory or legal requirements, may be suspended by resolution in relation to the consideration of an item on the agenda for a meeting.
- b. A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the Council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory or legal requirements, shall be proposed by a special motion, the written notice by at least (4) councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 10.
- c. The Proper Officer shall provide a copy of the Council's standing orders to a councillor as soon as possible.
- d. **The decision of the chairman of a meeting as to the application of standing orders at the meeting shall be final.**

**St Cleer Parish Council
Motion Template**

Date of Document:	
Committee / Sub Committee the motion is intended for:	
Date of that Meeting:	
Proposer:	
Seconder:	
3rd and 4th Signatories if required under Standing Order (this applies specifically to EXO matters and Recissions)	

Items noted in red are simply prompts and may be removed by the Proposer or Clerk prior to the agenda being issued

<p>Situation: What is the current issue/concern/problem?</p>
<p>Background: What was the background leading up to the current situation?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What was/is involved? • What action has been taken to date (if any)? • Statute / Policy / Procedure / Standing Order related to the matter
<p>Assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is your assessment? • What likely costs will this incur, now and in the future? • Have you any facts or figures to present? • Identify the current risks for the organisation.
<p>Proposed Motion <i>A motion shall relate to the responsibilities of the meeting for which it is tabled and, in any event, shall relate to the performance of the Council's statutory functions. Powers and obligations or an issue which specifically affects the Council's area or its residents:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State the motion you wish to put to the vote. Please word this in such a way as the Council may decide to support or oppose your motion
Date received:
Action taken or motion rejected (under SO9h):
Signature of Clerk / Officer receiving the motion:
<p>Disposal:</p> <p>Parish Meeting / Subgroup Meeting (State)</p> <p>Date of Meeting:</p>



CORNWALL ASSOCIATION OF LOCAL COUNCILS

UNIT 1/1A, 1 RIVERSIDE HOUSE, HERON WAY, NEWHAM, TRURO TR1 2XN

Serving the parish and town councils of Cornwall

REMOTE MEETINGS PROTOCOL AND PROCEDURES AMENDMENTS TO STANDING ORDERS

The Local Authorities and Police and Crime Panels (Coronavirus) (Flexibility of Local Authority Police and Crime Panel Meetings) (England and Wales) Regulations 2020 allow local councils to hold remote meetings. The regulations give automatic authority to hold remote meetings and amend standing orders as required. These regulations remain in force until May 7th, 2021 or earlier if repealed, and require a number of temporary changes to Standing Orders.

General

This Protocol and Procedures should be read in conjunction with the Council's standing orders.

The Regulations made under s78 of Coronavirus Act 2020 apply and where there is a conflict between these and any other adopted standing orders or legislation, these Remote Meetings Procedures take precedence in relation to any remote meeting.

1) Annual Meeting

- a) The requirement to hold an Annual Meeting of the Council is to be disregarded and prior to May 7th, 2021 may only take place
 - i) where called by the Chair or
 - ii) following a resolution calling for an annual meeting being passed at an ordinary or extra ordinary meeting of the Council.

2) Access to Information

- a) Where a document is required to be 'open to inspection' this shall include published on the website of the council.
- b) Where a document is required to be published and made available at the council's offices, this shall include published on the website of the council.
- c) Where there is a requirement to publish information including public notices, agendas, minutes, background papers and written reports, this shall include published on the website of the council.

3) Remote Access to Meetings

- a) The definition of meeting within the Council's standing orders is amended so that
 - i) 'place' includes where a meeting is held, or to be held in more than one place including electronic, digital or virtual locations such as internet locations, web addresses or conference call telephone numbers
 - ii) 'open to the public' includes access to the meeting by remote means including video conferencing, live webcasting and interactive streaming

- iii) where a meeting is accessible to the public through remote means, the meeting is open to the public whether or not members of the public are able to attend the meeting in person.
- b) If the Council becomes aware that the its technology has failed, and the meeting is no longer accessible to the public, the meeting shall be adjourned.
- c) If public access cannot be restored within a reasonable period, the remaining business shall be deferred to a future meeting.

4) Councillors in Remote Attendance

- a) A councillor in remote attendance is present and counted for the purposes of the quorum when they can:
 - i) hear and where practicable see other members of the council
 - ii) hear and where practicable see members of the public wishing to participate during the public session of the meeting or as invited by the Chairman
- b) A councillor in remote attendance will be deemed to have left the meeting where, at any point in time during the meeting, any of the conditions for remote attendance at 4 a) are not met.
- c) Subject to 4 b) the Chairman may if appropriate
 - i) adjourn the meeting to permit conditions for remote attendance to be re-established
 - ii) count the number of councillors in attendance for the purpose of the quorum

5) Remote attendance by members of the public

- a) A member of the public is in remote attendance when they can :
 - i) hear and where practicable see and so be heard and where practicable seen by members of the council at the meeting
 - ii) hear and where practicable see and so be heard and where practicable seen by other members of the public attending the meeting including those wishing to speak during the public session or as invited by the Chairman
- b) A member of the public in remote attendance will be deemed to have left the meeting where, at any point in time during the meeting, any of the conditions for remote attendance at 5 a) are not met.
- c) Subject to 5 b) the Chairman may if appropriate
 - i) adjourn the meeting to permit conditions for remote attendance to be re-established
 - ii) vary the order of the agenda or complete the remaining business of the meeting in the absence of the member of the public in remote attendance.

6) Remote Voting

Unless a recorded vote is demanded, the Chair will take the vote by :

- a) confirmation of the meeting that there is agreement or
- b) a roll call and the number of votes for or against the motion or amendment or abstaining will be recorded.

7) Code of Conduct – councillors excluded from the meeting

Where a councillor is required to leave the room as a requirement of the Council’s code of conduct, the means of remote attendance and access will be severed whilst any discussion or vote take place.

8) Exclusion of the press and public

Where the council has resolved to exclude the press and public from any part of the meeting, due to the confidentiality of the business to be discussed then :

- a) The means of remote attendance and access to the meeting by members of the press and public will be severed
- b) Each councillor present shall declare that there are no other persons present who are not entitled to be (hearing or seeing), and/or recording the meeting.

Received 24.04.2020